FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012 PROVIDED TO THE ASX UNDER LISTING RULE 4.3A

Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report

Name of entity

Acrux Limited

ABN: 72 082 001 152

1. Reporting period

Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2012

Previous corresponding period is the financial year ended 30 June 2011

2. Results for announcement to the market

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenues from ordinary activities (item 2.1)	down	89%	to	'000's 10,705
Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members (<i>item 2.2</i>)	down	down 87%		7,391
Net profit for the period attributable to members (<i>item 2.3</i>)	down	87%	to	7,391
Dividends (item 2.4)	Amount per security]	Franked amount per security
Interim dividend	Nil			N/A
Final dividend	8 cents			Nil
Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend (<i>item 2.5</i>)				
Interim dividend	Not Appli	cable		
Final dividend	10 Septem	nber 2012		

Brief explanation of any of the figures reported above necessary to enable the figures to be understood (*item 2.6*):

Revenue

Total revenue for the financial year was \$10.7 million (2011: \$93.5 million). Revenue from product agreements was \$8.8 million (2011: \$89.6 million), including Axiron® royalties of US\$6 million. The prior year included US\$87 million in milestone revenue from Eli Lilly, which was due following the approval of Axiron for marketing in the United States. Interest income reduced to \$1.6 million (2011: \$3.7 million), as cash reserves were reduced by the payment of \$99 million in a special dividend to shareholders in April 2011.

Profit from ordinary activities

Profit from ordinary activities after tax for the financial year was \$7.4 million (2011: \$57.1 million). Reported operating expenditure was \$5.8 million (2011: \$11.0 million). Royalty payments to Monash Investment Trust reduced to \$0.3 million (2011: \$3.0 million), as the prior year included royalty due on the US\$87 million milestone revenue from Eli Lilly. Prior year expenditure also included a foreign exchange loss of \$1.8 million. Income tax benefit of \$2.5 million was recorded for the financial year, compared with an income tax expense of \$25.4 million for the prior year. Tax expense of \$1.6 million was offset by tax benefit of \$4.1 million due to tax losses from excess imputation credits on dividends received by the parent entity as well as amendments to prior year tax returns to include additional deductions due under the research and development tax concession.

3. Income Statement (*item 3*)

Refer to the attached Financial Report

4. Balance Sheet (item 4)

Refer to the attached Financial Report

5. Statement of Cash Flows (item 5)

Refer to the attached Financial Report

6. Dividends (*item* 6)

Final dividend – year ended 30
June 2012
Interim dividend – year ended 30
June 2012
Special dividend – year ended
30 June 2011

Date of payment	Total amount of dividend
24 September 2012	8 cents
Not Applicable	Nil
19 April 2011	60 cents

Amount per security

Total dividend	Amount per security	- I foreign som	
Current year	8 cents	Nil	Nil
Previous year	60 cents	Nil	Nil

Total dividend on all securities

	\$A'000	Period - A\$'000
Ordinary securities	13,320	99,887
Total	13,320	99,887

7. Statement of Retained Earnings (item 7)

Consolidated Entity		
2011		
\$'000		
(7,378)		
391 57,148		
726) 49,770		
- (99,887)		
726) (50,117)		

8. Net tangible assets per security (item 8)

	Current period	Previous corresponding period
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security	17 cents	13 cents

9. The financial information provided in the Appendix 4E is based on the annual financial report (attached), which has been prepared in accordance with Australian accounting standards (item 9).

10. Commentary on the results for the period.

Refer to the Directors' Report in the attached Financial Report

11. Audit of the financial report (item 11)

The financial report has been audited

12. The audit has been completed.

The financial report is not subject to audit dispute or qualification.



> FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the financial report of the consolidated entity consisting of Acrux Limited and the entities it controlled for the financial year ended 30 June 2012 and the independent audit report thereon. This financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the consolidated entity during the financial year were the development and commercialisation of healthcare products. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Operating Results

The consolidated profit, after income tax and non-controlling equity interest, attributable to the members of Acrux Limited was \$7.4 million (2011: \$57.1 million). Diluted earnings per share were 4.4 cents (2011: 34.5 cents).

Review of Operations

A review of the operations of the consolidated entity during the financial year and the results of those operations are as follows:

Vision

Acrux is an innovative Australian drug delivery business developing and commercialising a range of patient-preferred, patented products for global markets, using unique technology to administer drugs.

Business Strategy

Acrux's strategy is to create new human and veterinary pharmaceutical products by combining proven drugs with innovative, patented delivery technologies. Using proven drugs means that the development time is usually shorter and the risk and expenditure lower than is typical for new drug development.

Acrux's development skills are used to progress a range of products through clinical and regulatory milestones, before commercialising them in global markets through selected commercial partners, who provide expertise in the particular market. The value of each product is shared with the partner.

Fundamental features of the design of all Acrux's products are that they are better than the existing products on the market ("patient-preferred") and cannot be copied by competitors ("patent-protected").

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Operating Results

Acrux recorded consolidated profit after tax of \$7.4 million (2011: \$57.1 million). The prior year included milestone revenue of US\$87 million from Eli Lilly, which was due following the approval of Axiron® for marketing in the United States.

Revenue

Total revenue for the financial year was \$10.7 million (2011: \$93.5 million). Revenue from product agreements totaled \$8.8 million (2011: \$89.6 million). The prior year included US\$87 million in milestone revenue from Eli Lilly. Interest income reduced to \$1.6 million from \$3.7 million in the comparative period, as cash reserves were reduced by the payment of \$100 million in a special dividend to shareholders in April 2011. Foreign currency gains added \$0.2 million to revenue, compared with foreign currency losses of \$1.8 million in the prior year.

Operating Expenditure

Reported operating expenditure was \$5.8 million (2011: \$11.0 million). Royalty payments to Monash Investment Trust reduced to \$0.3 million (2011: \$3.0 million), as the prior year included royalty due on the US\$87 million milestone revenue from Eli Lilly. A foreign currency gain of \$0.2 million was recorded for 2012 financial year, compared to a foreign currency loss of \$1.8 million for the prior year, the result of appreciation of the Australian dollar versus the US dollar prior to settlement of the milestone revenue.

The reported operating expenditure for the prior year of \$11.0 million was reduced by the capitalisation of product development expenses. No development expenses were capitalised for the financial year to 30 June 2012. Total expenditure, including the amounts capitalised, for external research and development expenses reduced to \$0.9 million (2011: \$1.7 million) and for employee benefits expense reduced to \$2.6 million (2011: \$3.6 million). The reduction in total employee benefits expense was the result of a reduction in the number of staff.

Income tax benefit of \$2.5 million was recorded for the financial year compared to an income tax expense of \$25.4 million for the prior year. Tax expense of \$1.6 million was offset by tax benefit of \$4.1 million due to tax losses from excess imputation credits on dividends received by the parent entity as well as amendments to prior year tax returns to include additional deductions due under the research and development tax concession.

Cash flow

Net cash outflow for the reported period was \$3.1 million (2011: \$26.7 million). Cash reserves at the end of the period were \$30.0 million (30 June 2011: \$33.2 million).

Receipts from product agreements were \$6.4 million (2011: \$86.0 million). The prior year included the receipt of the Axiron milestone revenue from Eli Lilly. Interest receipts added \$1.4 million (2011: \$3.9 million), on reduced cash reserves following payment of the special dividend. Payments to suppliers and employees reduced to \$5.6 million (2011: \$9.6 million). Income taxes of \$4.6 million were paid during the year (2011: \$15.3 million).

The purchase of plant and equipment produced a small outflow for investing activities of \$0.1 million (2011: \$0.7 million). The prior year outflow of \$0.7 million included payments for capitalised development expenses, offset by the sale of plant and equipment to Eli Lilly.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The clearing of previously unclaimed payments for the special dividend resulted in an outflow for financing activities of \$0.6 million (2011: \$91.1 million). The prior year included dividend payments of \$99.0 million, offset by an inflow of \$8.0 million from the exercise of employee share options. No options were exercised during 2012 financial year.

Contributed Equity

There were no changes to equity during the reporting period. The exercise of employee share options added \$8.0 million to contributed equity in the prior year. The number of employee share options on issue at the end of the reporting period was 25,000 (2011: 25,000).

Important Advances During the Year

- Axiron's share of transdermal testosterone therapy prescriptions in the United States grew to 12% in its first year of sales.
- Marketing authorisation for Axiron was received by Eli Lilly in Canada and Australia.
- Acrux's first animal health product Recuvyra® was approved for marketing in the United States and Europe.
- A new patent protecting the Axiron applicator device was granted by the US Patent and Trademark Office.
- Acrux joined the S&P/ASX 200 index
- Acrux's board of directors was refreshed with new skills for the next phase of growth

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

Likely Developments

The Company will continue to pursue its operating strategy to create shareholder value. For the forseeable future, the consolidated entity's financial results will be materially influenced by the sales performance of Axiron in the United States. Under a license agreement with Eli Lilly, the consolidated entity receives royalties on worldwide sales of Axiron by Eli Lilly and is eligible to receive potential sales milestone payments of up to US\$195 million.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Environmental Regulation

The consolidated entity's operations are subject to certain environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth and of a State or Territory. Details of the consolidated entity's performance in relation to such environmental regulation are as follows:

Laboratory Waste

In order to ensure compliance with the Environment Protection Act 1970 the consolidated entity engages an external waste management consultant. This consultant has ISO 14001:2004 Certified Environmental Management to ensure compliance with the legislative requirements. The consultant issues an EPA Transport Certificate at every collection of waste to ensure safe collection, transport, delivery and disposal/recycling procedures.

Trade Water Waste

An agreement exists with City West Water to ensure compliance under the Water Industry Act 1994 and Water Industry Regulations 1995. This agreement ensures that the acceptance of trade waste into the sewage network is managed effectively and that City West Water is aware of the type and quantities of waste disposed of by the consolidated entity.

The directors are not aware of any breaches during the period covered by this report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dividend Paid, Recommended and Declared

No dividends were paid during the year. On 23 August 2012, the directors resolved to declare a final dividend to shareholders of 8 cents per share, unfranked. The total amount of the dividend, based on the number of shares on issue at 30 June 2012 and at the date of this report is \$13.3 million.

Shares Under Option

Unissued ordinary shares of Acrux Limited under option at the date of this report are as follows:

	Number of unis	sued		
Date options	ordinary shares i	under		
granted	option		Issue price of shares	Expiry date of the options
4 March 2008		25,000	\$1.84	March 2013

No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the Company.

Shares Issued On Exercise of Options

No Ordinary shares of Acrux Limited were issued during or since the end of the financial year as a result of the exercise of an option.

There are no amounts unpaid on shares issued as a consequence of the exercise of options.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

During the financial year, the consolidated entity has paid premiums in respect of an insurance contract to indemnify officers against liabilities that may arise from their position as officers of the Company and its controlled entities. Officers indemnified include the company secretary, all directors and all executive officers participating in the management of the Company and its controlled entities. Further disclosure required under section 300(9) of the *Corporations Act 2001* is prohibited under the terms of the insurance contract.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Consolidated Entity

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of the consolidated entity.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors and Company Secretary

The qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of each person who has been a director of Acrux Limited at any time during or since the end of the financial year is provided below, together with details of the company secretary as at the year end.

The directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

R Dobinson (Director since March 1998)

Responsibilities - From 1 July 2012, Executive Chairman; prior to 1 July 2012, Non-

Executive Chairman, member of the Human Capital Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Committee with financial

qualification

Qualifications - BBus

Experience - Ross has been a Director since 1998 and was appointed Non-Executive Chairman in January 2006 and then Executive

Chairman on 1 July 2012. He is a founder and former CEO of Acrux. Ross has a background in investment banking and stockbroking. He is currently Managing Director of TSL Group Ltd, a corporate advisory company specialising in establishing and advising life sciences companies. He has also been a director of Starpharma Holdings Limited (ASX: SPL), since May 1997 and is a director of a number of unlisted companies, including TPI

Enterprises Ltd and Hexima Limited. Ross was executive chairman of Hexima Limited when the company was listed on

ASX from July 2010 to June 2011.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors and Company Secretary (Continued)

B Parncutt (Director since April 2012)

Responsibilities

- Non-Executive Director, member of the Human Capital Committee and Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee with financial qualification

Qualifications

- BSc, MBA

Experience

Bruce joined the board on 30 April 2012. His career spans almost 40 years in investment management, investment banking and stockbroking including seven years as Chief Executive of listed securities firm McIntosh Securities (1990 – 1996) and three years as Senior Vice President of Merrill Lynch (1997 – 1999). His experience includes extensive involvement in financial analysis, merger and acquisition transactions, capital-raisings, and investment in companies across a broad spectrum from early stage to mature public companies. He holds a Bachelor of Science, an MBA, and is a Member of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia. Bruce is Chairman of the investment and corporate advisory firm, Lion Capital. He is a Trustee of The National Gallery of Victoria, Chairman of the NGV Foundation, and Chairman of listed Praemium Limited (ASX: PPS), from August 2011. He was previously a director of ASX listed Stuart Petroleum Limited (from August 2010 to May 2011), McIntosh Securities Limited, Australian Stock Exchange Ltd and Vision Systems Ltd.

R Barrow (Director since April 2012)

Responsibilities

- Non-Executive Director, Chair of the Human Capital Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications

- BSc.Hons, MBA

Experience

Ross joined the board on 1 April 2012. He has extensive experience in the life sciences sector. Ross was Chief Operating Officer and a director of Vision BioSystems Limited during the period when the company became a leader in the global histopathology market. Following acquisition by Danaher Corporation, Ross played a pivotal role overseeing the global integration of the company with Danaher's subsidiary, Leica Microsystems GmbH. Ross is currently the Chief Executive Officer and a director of Paranta Biosciences Limited.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors and Company Secretary (Continued)

H K Windle (Director from May 2001 to April 2012)

Responsibilities

- Non-Executive Deputy Chairman, Chair of the Human Capital Committee and Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee

Qualifications

- B Pharm MPS

Experience

- Ken was a Director from May 2001 to April 2012. He held a series of global commercialisation and senior management positions in Glaxo and Glaxo Wellcome (now GSK), including Group Executive Committee, Head of Global Commercialisation, CEO of Glaxo Australia (1986-95) and Regional President, Asia Pacific (1995-2001). Ken is currently Chairman and CEO of Advent Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd, a director of Aus Bio Limited, a member of the Innovation Australia Board, Governor of the Woolcock Institute and Monash University's Faculty of Pharmacy and a director of New Zealand Pharmaceuticals Ltd.

Previously, Ken was a consultant to the Prime Minister's Science Council on Industry Development, Pharmaceuticals Industry Strategy Group, a director of the Singapore Economic Development Board (EDB). He served two terms as Chairman of the APMA (Medicines Australia) and has twice been a winner of the Governor of Victoria Export Prize.

B C Finnin (Director from May 1999 to August 2011)

Responsibilities

- Non-Executive director, member of the Human Capital Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Committee.

Qualifications

B Pharm PhD PhC

Experience

- Barrie was a Director from May 1999 to 31 August 2011. A coinventor of Acrux's technology, he is currently an adjunct
Professor in the Faculty of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical
Sciences, Monash University, Australia. Barrie has more than 15
years' experience in the management of commercially funded
research in an academic setting. He has conducted projects at
various phases of drug development and manufacture for major
pharmaceutical companies, and has experience in the design and
commissioning of GMP manufacturing. He also has experience as
an external evaluator of new drug applications for the Australian
Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA).

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Information on Directors and Company Secretary (Continued)

R Treagus (Director from April 2007 to June 2012)

Responsibilities

- Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director

Qualifications

- BScMed, MBChB, MPharmMed, MBA

Experience

- Richard was Chief Executive Officer from May 2006 to 30 June 2012 and was Managing Director from April 2007 to 29 June 2012. He is a medical doctor, with 20 years experience in the international pharmaceutical industry, including Roche and Wyeth. He was a senior executive at Aspen Pharmacare (JSE: APN, South Africa) before moving to Australia in 2002. As General Manager at Sigma (ASX: SIP), Richard created a number of growth opportunities for the business and concluded a range of acquisitions and licensing deals. In 2010 he was awarded the Ernst and Young Entrepreneur-of-the-Year (Southern Region) in the Listed Company Category.

J Pilcher

Responsibilities

- Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

Qualifications

- BSc (Hons), ACA

Experience

- Jon joined Acrux in October 2002 and was appointed Chief Financial Officer in March 2004. He was reappointed Company Secretary in July 2006, having previously held that position from June 2003 to March 2005. This period included the listing of Acrux on the Australian Stock Exchange. Prior to joining Acrux, Jon was a Senior Manager at ANZ Banking Group and spent seven years with international pharmaceutical groups, Medeva and Celltech, based in the UK, where he held senior financial positions in the Research & Development and Corporate functions. He qualified as a Chartered Accountant in 1991 and holds a Bachelor of Science (in Biotechnology) from the University of Reading in the UK.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors' Meetings

The number of meetings of the board of directors and of each board committee held during the financial year and the numbers of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

1	DIREC	CTORS'	COMMITTEE MEETINGS			
1	MEE'	TINGS	AUDIT & RISK		HUMAN CAPITAL	
DIRECTORS						
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
R Dobinson	9	9	2	2	1	1
B Parncutt ¹	2	2	-	-	-	-
R Barrow ²	3	3	-	-	-	-
H K Windle ³	7	7	2	2	1	1
B C Finnin ⁴	2	2	1	1	1	1
R Treagus ⁵	9	9	-	-	-	-

- 1 Appointed Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.
- 2 Appointed Non-Executive Director 1 April 2012.
- 3 Resigned as Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.
- 4 Resigned as Non-Executive Director 31 August 2011.
- 5 Resigned as Managing Director 29 June 2012.

Directors' and Executives' Interests in Shares and Options

Directors' and Executives' relevant interests in shares of Acrux Limited and options over shares in the Company as at 30 June 2012 are detailed below:

	Total No. of Shares	Total No. of Options
Directors		
R Dobinson	1,372,593	-
B Parncutt ¹	550,637	-
R Barrow ²	-	-
H K Windle ³	45,127	-
B C Finnin ⁴	755,433	-
R Treagus⁵	2,077,495	-
Executives		
J Pilcher	100,000	-
H Alsop ⁶	-	-
C Blower	-	-
Total	4,901,285	-

Appointed Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Directors' interests in contracts are disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

² Appointed Non-Executive Director 1 April 2012.

³ Resigned as Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.

⁴ Resigned as Non-Executive Director 31 August 2011.

⁵ Resigned as Managing Director 29 June 2012.

⁶ Director of Business Development until 2 March 2012.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit for the financial year is provided with this report.

Non-Audit Services

Non-audit services are approved by resolution of the audit committee and approval is provided in writing to the board of directors. Non-audit services provided by the auditors of the consolidated entity during the year, Pitcher Partners, are detailed below. The directors are satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services during the year by the auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Amounts paid or payable to an auditor for non-audit services	2012	2011
provided during the year by the auditor to any entity that is	\$	\$
part of the consolidated entity for:		
Other assurance services	Nil	1,000

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

The directors present the consolidated entity's 2012 remuneration report which details the remuneration information for Acrux Limited's executive chairman, non-executive directors and other key management personnel.

HUMAN CAPITAL COMMITTEE

The Human Capital Committee carries out the following functions in relation to the remuneration of senior management:

- (a) recommending to the board a policy and framework for senior employees' remuneration which should aim to set remuneration which:
 - (i) is competitive, fair and designed to attract employees of high quality, experience and integrity;
 - (ii) motivates senior employees to pursue the long term growth and success of the Company within the appropriate control framework; and
 - (iii) establishes a clear relationship between the performance of senior management and their remuneration;
- (b) reviewing and recommending to the board the total individual remuneration package of each member of senior management (including an executive director), including any bonuses, incentive payments, and participation (including the level of participation) in any share or share option plans in accordance with the policy and framework for senior employees' remuneration;
- (c) reviewing benchmarks against which salary reviews are made;
- (d) reviewing and recommending the establishment and terms of any employee share or share option plan or other incentive plan and recommending any changes to the board;
- (e) reviewing and recommending on the superannuation arrangements of the Company and its controlled entities; and
- ensuring that equity-based senior management remuneration is made in accordance with thresholds set in plans approved by shareholders.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The main principles of the Company's remuneration policy are:

- remuneration is set at levels intended to attract and retain good performers and to motivate and reward them to continually advance the business of the Company;
- remuneration is structured to reward employees both for superior performance and for increasing long term shareholder value; and
- rewards are linked to the achievement of business objectives as set by the board.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

REMUNERATION STRUCTURE

The remuneration of employees is structured in two parts:

- FIXED REMUNERATION, which comprises salary, superannuation and other benefits in lieu of salary; and
- VARIABLE REMUNERATION, which may comprise a short term incentive in the form of cash and a long term incentive in the form of options under the employee share option plan (ESOP). All permanent staff are eligible to participate in the short term incentive plan and the ESOP. However the level of participation varies according to the level of seniority and the ability to influence the performance of the business.

The Company aims to set the level of fixed remuneration at market levels for comparable jobs in the industry in which the Company operates, based on market sources. The Company then aims to set the short and long term incentives to provide for top performers to be remunerated at the upper end of the market, subject to the overall performance of the Company measured against the goals set by the board.

The aim of both the short term and long term incentive plans is to drive performance to successfully implement annual business plans and to increase shareholder value.

SHORT TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

The purpose of the short term incentive plan is to reward achievement of business objectives on a year by year basis. Each financial year the board, in conjunction with senior management, sets the business objectives aimed to be achieved during the year to implement the Company's business plan.

The business objectives are clearly defined outcomes in product development and commercialisation, achievement of which can be readily and objectively measured at the end of the financial year. Measurement of achievement of the business objectives does not involve comparison with factors external to the Company.

Achievement of each objective is expected to create immediate value for shareholders, or secure a material step towards value that will crystallise in a future period. Achievement of the business objectives has significantly increased shareholder wealth over the 5 years ending 30 June 2012. Shareholder returns in the form of tax-free share price increase and dividends are shown in the table below. Total return over the 5 years was \$3.32 tax-free, compared with a share price at 30 June 2007 of \$1.53. Comparison of the achievement of objectives and shareholder returns for an individual year is not meaningful, because the value may crystallise in a future year. The Company's earnings in each of the 5 years ended 30 June 2012 are not relevant to the impact of performance on shareholder wealth, because the Company has invested in product development over several years before becoming profitable and earning regular revenue.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

	Financial year	Closing share price	Share price increase	Dividend (\$ per
7		(\$)	(\$)	share)
	2006/07	1.53		
	2007/08	1.22	(0.31)	
	2008/09	1.13	(0.09)	
	2009/10	1.81	0.68	
	2010/11	3.39	1.58	0.60
	2011/12	4.25	0.86	
	Total		2.72	0.60

There are different levels of short term incentive plan, with senior executives, other than executive directors, able to achieve annual incentives up to 24% of fixed remuneration.

The key principles of the plan are:

- Payments under the short term incentive plan are at the discretion of the board.
- The amount of at risk remuneration payable under the short term incentive plan is dependent upon the overall level of achievement of the year's business objectives.
- The level of achievement of the business objectives is assessed by the board at the end of each year.
- For staff other than senior executives, achievement of personal objectives set for the financial year may also form part of their assessment for short term incentive plan payments.

LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLANS

The purpose of the long term incentive plan is to align the interests of the senior executives more closely with those of the shareholders towards long term sustained superior performance.

The key principles of the existing Employee Share Option Plan are:

- At the discretion of the board, options to acquire shares in the Company may be granted to employees;
- The options may not be exercised for two years after grant and expire five years after grant;
- On termination of employment, options lapse other than in certain exceptional circumstances;
- The exercise price is at the discretion of the board, but has typically been set at a 15% premium to the market price of the Company's shares on the grant date; and
- The number of options outstanding and exercised in the previous five years must not exceed 10% of the Company's issued share capital.

The board evaluates the effectiveness of existing and potential long term incentive plans as the business environment changes.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

REMUNERATION AND TERMINATION ENTITLEMENTS OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, Dr Richard Treagus, was employed until 30 June 2012 under an employment contract which could be terminated by either party by giving three months' notice in writing. If the Company terminated the contract, Dr Treagus was entitled to a termination payment on expiry of the notice period equal to three months' fixed remuneration. Dr Treagus' remuneration comprised fixed remuneration, an annual short term incentive of up to 60% of his fixed remuneration and equity-based remuneration in the form of options. The level of short term incentive payable was dependent on the achievement of objectives, set by the board. The board had absolute discretion over the level of bonus payable.

The director and management services of the Executive Chairman Ross Dobinson are provided by Espasia Pty Ltd. The contract for services can be terminated by either party by giving three months' notice in writing. The contract provides for fees of \$118,000 per annum in respect of director services, \$160,000 per annum in respect of executive services and an additional payment of up to 60% of the executive services, dependent on the achievement of objectives, set by the board. The board has absolute discretion over the amount of the additional payment.

Other senior executives have no fixed term of employment and either party may terminate the employment contract on periods of written notice of three months. The employment contracts contain no other entitlement to termination benefits in addition to statutory entitlements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

Names and positions held by executives of the consolidated entity in office at any time during the financial year are:

11	
Executives	Position
J Pilcher	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary
C Blower	Chief Technical Officer
H Alsop ¹	Director of Business Development

¹ Director of Business Development until 2 March 2012.

Share Options

(a) Compensation Options: Granted and vested during the year

No options over unissued ordinary shares were granted by Acrux Limited, or vested, during or since the financial year to Directors and Executives as part of their remuneration.

(b) Shares issued on exercise of compensation options

No ordinary shares were issued to Directors and Executives on exercise of compensation options during or since the end of the financial year.

	For the purposes of disclosure of Executives' remuneration in the table below, options granted to Executives have been valued as required by AASB 2. A value on grant date has been estimated using a binomial valuation model, which requires assumptions to be made regarding the market price of Acrux Limited shares on the grant date and the expected volatility of the share price. The resulting value has been evenly recognised over the vesting period of the options, as required by the Standard. Details of the remuneration of the Executives are set out in the following table:								
20		Prin		Post	Termination		TOTAL	Equity as	Bonus as
			•	employment	Benefits	1 0		% of	% of
		Salary	Bonus*	Super		Options		Total	Total
(0.5)	2012	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
	J Pilcher	216,172	-		-	-	247,511	0%	6%
	C Blower	167,704	12,074	-	-	-	195,553	0%	6%
	H Alsop ¹	128,695		10,516	-	-	139,211	0%	0%
		512,571	27,638	42,066	-	-	582,275	0%	5%
(7	2011								
	J Pilcher	207,851	32,425	-	-	6,659	262,134		12%
	C Blower	161,246			-	-	200,912	0%	13%
(())	H Alsop ¹	183,496	,	,	-	-	227,320	0%	13%
	A Watkinson ²	160,259	-	17,666	-	-	177,925	0%	0%
	N Webster ³	95,997	-	8,494	44,733	2,239	151,463	1%	0%
	T Soulis ⁴	153,104		12,478	49,529	-	215,110		0%
		961,953	86,204	83,548	94,262	8,898	1,234,864	1%	7%

^{*} Bonus relates to achievement of objectives for the financial year. The amount of bonus earned was 30% of the maximum amount payable for the 2011/12 financial year and 65% for the 2010/11 financial year.

¹ Director of Business Development until 2 March 2012.

² Chief Scientific Officer until 20 May 2011.

³ Director of Business Development (part-time) until 20 May 2011.

⁴ Director of Clinical Development until 20 May 2011.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

REMUNERATION OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Human Capital Committee considers the level of remuneration necessary to attract and retain directors with the skills and experience required by the Company at its stage of development. The Committee then recommends to the board whether or not the directors' fees should be put to the shareholders for change.

The present directors' fees are \$65,400 per annum, including superannuation for each non-executive director other than a non-executive chair who receives \$118,000. At the 2004 Annual General Meeting shareholders set the maximum aggregate amount of non-executive directors' fees at \$450,000. In addition non-executive directors are entitled to re-imbursement of reasonable expenses incurred by them.

No retirement allowances are paid to non-executive directors. No equity based remuneration is paid to non-executive directors. Non-Executive Directors do not receive any additional remuneration for being members of board committees.

For the purposes of disclosure of Directors' remuneration in the table below, options granted to Directors have been valued as required by AASB 2. A value on grant date has been estimated using a binomial valuation model, which requires assumptions to be made regarding the market price of Acrux Limited shares on the grant date and the expected volatility of the share price. The resulting value has been evenly recognised over the vesting period of the options, as required by the Standard.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

The remuneration of each person who held the position of director at any time during the financial

year is set out in the following table:

	Primary		Post	Termination	Equity	TOTAL	Equity as	Bonus as
		employment	Benefits			% of	% of	
	Fees	Bonus*	Super		Options		Total	Total
2012	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
R Dobinson	117,996	-	-	-	-	117,996	0%	0%
B Parncutt ¹	10,900	-	-	-	-	10,900	0%	0%
R Barrow ²	15,000	-	1,350	-	-	16,350	0%	0%
H K Windle ³	12,833	-	41,667	-	-	54,500	0%	0%
B C Finnin ⁴	10,000	-	900	-	-	10,900	0%	0%
R Treagus ⁵	396,136	72,130	25,000	-	-	493,266	0%	15%
	562,865	72,130	68,917	-	-	703,912	0%	10%
2011								
R Dobinson	117,996	-		-	-	117,996	0%	0%
H K Windle ³	15,400	-	50,000	-	-	65,400	0%	0%
B C Finnin ⁴	60,000	-	5,400	-	-	65,400	0%	0%
R Treagus ⁵	358,916	150,272	25,000	-	-	534,188	0%	28%
	552,312	150,272	80,400	-	-	782,984	0%	19%

^{*} Bonus relates to achievement of objectives for the financial year. The amount of bonus earned was 30% of the maximum amount payable for the 2011/12 financial year and 65% for the 2010/11 financial year.

Number of options held by key management personnel

No options were held by key management personnel at the date of the Director's Report.

Value of options held by key management personnel

No options were held by key management personnel at the date of the Director's Report.

¹ Appointed Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.

² Appointed Non-Executive Director 1 April 2012.

³ Resigned as Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.

⁴ Resigned as Non-Executive Director 31 August 2011.

⁵ Resigned as Managing Director 29 June 2012.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT

Number of shares held by Key Management Personnel

Directors and	Balance	Granted as	Options	Net Change	Balance
Executives		Remuneration	Exercised	Other	
LACCUTVES	1/07/2011				30/06/2012
Directors					
R Dobinson	1,492,593	-	-	(120,000)	1,372,593
B Parncutt ¹	-	-	-	550,637	550,637
R Barrow ²	-	-	-	-	-
H K Windle ³	678,000	-	-	(632,873)	45,127
B C Finnin⁴	3,228,148	-	-	(2,472,715)	755,433
R Treagus ⁵	2,077,495		-	-	2,077,495
				2	
Executives					
J Pilcher	116,980	Ε.	=	(16,980)	100,000
C Blower	80,000	-	-	(80,000)	-
H Alsop ⁶		-	-	-	_
Total	7,673,216	-	-	(2,771,931)	4,901,285

Appointed Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.

Rounding of Amounts

The amounts contained in the report and in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest \$1,000 (where rounding is applicable) under the option available to the company under ASIC Class Order 98/0100. The company is an entity to which the Class Order applies.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

B Parncutt

Director

R Barrow

Director

Melbourne

Melbourne

Dated this 23rd day of August 2012 Dated this 23rd day of August 2012

² Appointed Non-Executive Director 1 April 2012.

³ Resigned as Non-Executive Director 30 April 2012.

⁴ Resigned as Non-Executive Director 31 August 2011.

⁵ Resigned as Managing Director 29 June 2012.

⁶ Director of Business Development until 2 March 2012.



An independent Victorian Partnership ABN 27 975 255 196

ACRUX LIMITED ABN 72 082 001 152 AND CONTROLLED ENITIES

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

To the Directors of Acrux Limited

In relation to the independent audit for the year ended 30 June 2012, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- (i) No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.
- (ii) No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct.

S D WHITCHURCH

Partner

Dated this 23rd day of August 2012

PITCHER PARTNERS

Melbourne

ACRUX LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES ABN 72 082 001 152 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Revenue	4	10,465	93,471
Foreign exchange gain		240	-
	_	10,705	93,471
Employee benefits expense	5	(2,630)	(2,997)
External research and development expenses	5	(905)	(1,025)
Non-executive directors' fees		(211)	(249)
Professional fees		(341)	(601)
Royalty expense		(261)	(3,008)
Occupancy expenses		(376)	(351)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	5	(349)	(246)
Payroll taxes		(107)	(146)
Insurances		(74)	(77)
Foreign exchange losses		-	(1,750)
Loss on sale of fixed assets		-	(156)
Other expenses	_	(535)	(353)
		(5,789)	(10,959)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		4,916	82,512
Income tax benefit/(expense)	6	2,475	(25,364)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	_	7,391	57,148
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR	R THE YEAR _	7,391	57,148
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATT	TRIBUTABLE T	TO:	
Members of the parent	16	7,391	57,148
Non-controlling interest	17	-	-
· ·	_	7,391	57,148
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	8	4.44	34.73
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	8	4.44	34.51

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

ACRUX LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES ABN 72 082 001 152 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
CURRENT ASSETS		Ψ 000	Ψ 000
Cash and cash equivalents	9	30,017	33,159
Receivables	10	3,863	943
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	•	33,880	34,102
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Plant and equipment	11	110	126
Intangible assets	12	24,509	24,767
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	24,619	24,893
TOTAL ASSETS	-	58,499	58,995
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current tax payable	6	560	5,669
Payables	13	996	1,777
Short term provisions	14	322	290
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	1,878	7,736
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities	6	3,504	5,495
Long term provisions	14	14	52
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	3,518	5,547
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,396	13,283
NET ASSETS	-	53,103	45,712
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	15	95,825	95,825
Reserves	16(a)	4	4
Retained earnings	16(b)	(42,726)	(50,117)
Equity attributable to the owners of Acrux	-	53,103	45,712
Non-controlling interests	17	-	
TOTAL EQUITY	_	53,103	45,712

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

ACRUX LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES ABN 72 082 001 152 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	Contributed Equity \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Retained Earnings \$'000	Total Equity
Balance as at 1 July 2010		85,786	2,061	(7,378)	80,469
Profit for the period		-	-	57,148	57,148
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	57,148	57,148
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Contributions	15(b)	10,039	(2,074)	-	7,965
Employee Share Options Expense	16(a)	-	17	-	17
Lapsed Employee Share Options	16	-	-	-	-
Dividends Paid	7		-	(99,887)	(99,887)
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners		10,039	(2,057)	(99,887)	(91,905)
Balance as at 30 June 2011		95,825	4	(50,117)	45,712
Balance as at 1 July 2011		95,825	4	(50,117)	45,712
Profit for the period			-	7,391	7,391
Total comprehensive income for the year			-	7,391	7,391
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Contributions	15(b)	-	-	-	-
Employee Share Options Expense	16(a)	-	-	-	-
Lapsed Employee Share Options	16	-	-	-	-
Dividends Paid	7		-	-	
Total transactions with owners in their capacity as owners			-	-	
Balance as at 30 June 2012		95,825	4	(42,726)	53,103

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

ACRUX LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES ABN 72 082 001 152 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	Consolidated 2012 \$'000	d Entity 2011 \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING		Ψ 000	4 000
ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from product agreements		6,375	85,947
Payments to suppliers and employees		(5,610)	(9,649)
Interest received		1,407	3,933
Grant income received		21	168
Taxes paid	_	(4,625)	(15,295)
NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN)/PROVIDED			
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	18(a)	(2,432)	65,104
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from the sale of plant and equipment		-	2,583
Purchase of plant and equipment		(83)	(742)
Payment for capitalised development costs	_	-	(2,565)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES	-	(83)	(724)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES			
Net proceeds from issues of ordinary shares		-	7,964
Dividends paid		(629)	(99,047)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES	<u>-</u>	(629)	(91,083)
NET DECREASE IN CASH HELD	_	(3,144)	(26,703)
Foreign exchange differences on cash holdings		2	1,253
Add cash at the beginning of the year	104)	33,159	58,609
CASH AT END OF YEAR	18(b)	30,017	33,159

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of presentation of the financial report

This financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial report covers Acrux Limited and controlled entities as a consolidated entity. Acrux Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Acrux Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors as at the date of the directors' report.

Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of Acrux Limited also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Historical Cost Convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes of assets as described in the accounting policies.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial report requires the use of certain estimates and judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies. Those estimates and judgements significant to the financial report are disclosed in Note 2.

(b) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are those of the consolidated entity, comprising the financial statements of the parent entity and of all entities, which Acrux Limited has the power to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent entity, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies, which may exist.

All inter-company balances and transactions, including any unrealised profits or losses have been eliminated on consolidation. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is established and are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Non-controlling interests in the results of the subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Revenue recognition

Interest revenue is recognised when it becomes receivable on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rate applicable to the financial assets.

Revenue from rendering of services to customers is recognised in the quarter in which the service was performed for the customer.

Revenue from product agreements is made up of milestone payments and revenue relating to product sales. Revenue from milestone payments is recognised upon completion of the milestone, which is the trigger point for the right to receive the revenue. Revenue relating to product sales, such as royalties and distribution fees, is recognised in the period in which the sales occur.

Government grants are recognised at fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all grant conditions will be met. Revenue from the receipt of contracted grants is recognised in the period the monies associated with the grants are expensed.

Other revenue is recognised as received or over the time period to which it relates.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks, short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, held at call with financial institutions.

(e) Plant and equipment

Cost

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets are calculated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The useful lives for each class of assets are:

2012 2011

Leasehold improvements: Not Applicable Not Applicable

Plant and equipment: 2.5 to 14 years 2.5 to 14 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Leases

Leases are classified at their inception as either operating or finance leases based on the economic substance of the agreement so as to reflect the risks and benefits incidental to ownership.

Operating Leases

Lease payments for operating leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

(g) Intangibles

The intangible assets are recognised at cost at the date of acquisition. The balances are reviewed annually and any balances representing probable future benefits that are no longer anticipated are written off.

Intellectual Property

Acquired intellectual property is initially recorded at cost. Intellectual property with a finite life is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. The intellectual property is amortised over the useful life of the relevant patents. The useful life is approximately 13 years. Amortisation expense is included in 'Depreciation and amortisation expenses' of the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Research and Development

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Product development costs are capitalised only when each of the following specific criteria has been satisfied:

- 1. Technical feasibility of completing development of the product and obtaining approval by regulatory authorities.
- 2. Ability to secure a commercial partner for the product.
- 3. Availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete development of the product, obtain regulatory approval and secure a commercial partner.
- 4. Reliable measurement of expenditure attributable to the product during its development.
- 5. High probability of the product entering a major pharmaceutical market.

Capitalised development costs have a finite life and are amortised on a systematic basis over the period from first commercial sale of the product and cease at the earlier of the date that the asset is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with AASB5 and the date that the asset is derecognised.

The useful life of each asset and the total economic benefits that will be generated by the asset over its useful life are estimated and the asset cost is divided by the total economic benefits resulting in an amount of cost to be amortised per dollar of economic benefit. The estimated useful life and total economic benefit for each asset are reviewed at least annually. The useful life of one asset for which amortisation has commenced is approximately 15 years. Amortisation expense is included in 'Depreciation and amortisation expenses' of the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment

Assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortised but are tested annually for impairment in accordance with AASB 136. Assets subject to annual depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances arise that indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is defined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

(i) Income tax

Current income tax expense or revenue is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the applicable tax rates when the assets are expected to be recovered or liabilities are settled. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only when it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(j) Employee benefits

Provision is made for employee benefits accumulated as a result of employees rendering services up to the reporting date. These benefits include wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave.

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and any other employee benefits expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date are measured at their nominal amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. All other employee benefit liabilities are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

Contributions are made by the consolidated entity to employee superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when the obligation to pay them arises.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Employee benefits (Continued)

Bonus

The consolidated entity recognises a provision when a bonus is payable in accordance with the employee's contract of employment, and the amount can be reliably measured.

Share-based payments

The consolidated entity operates an employee share option plan. The bonus element over the exercise price for the grant of options is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period(s) during which the employee becomes entitled to exercise the options.

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options at grant date. The fair value of options at grant date is determined using a Binomial option pricing model, and is recognised as an employee expense over the period during which the employees become entitled to the option.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment of an employee is terminated before the normal retirement date.

The consolidated entity recognises a provision for termination benefits when entitlement to contractual benefits arises or when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of non-contractual benefits.

(k) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified and repositioned for consistency with current year disclosures.

(l) Financial instruments

Non Derivative Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

Trade receivables are carried at full amounts due less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment is recognised when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Amounts receivable from other debtors are carried at full amounts due. Other debtors are normally settled 30 days from month end unless there is a specific contract, which specifies an alternative date. Amounts receivable from related parties are carried at full amounts due.

Non-listed investments in controlled entities, for which fair value cannot be reliably measured, are carried at cost and tested for impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(l) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade payables, other creditors and inter-company balances.

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the consolidated entity. Trade liabilities are normally settled 30 days from month end.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The consolidated entity holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its risk exposures from foreign currency exchange rate movements.

Hedge accounting

Certain derivatives are designated as hedging instruments and are further classified as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges.

At the inception of each hedging transaction, the consolidated entity documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items, its risk management objective and its strategy for undertaking the hedge transaction. The consolidated entity also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

- (i) Fair value hedge
 - Material changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.
- (ii) Cash flow hedge

To qualify as a cash flow hedge the underlying transactions generating the cash flows must be highly probable. Material changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges are recognised in equity in the cash flow hedging reserve. This gain or loss is released to profit or loss in the same period when the forecast transactions occur, thereby mitigating any exchange fluctuations that would have transpired in the absence of the hedge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Foreign currency translations and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of each of the consolidated entity's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates (the functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the consolidated entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies of entities within the consolidated group are translated into functional currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items that are outstanding at the reporting date (other than monetary items arising under foreign currency contracts where the exchange rate for that monetary item is fixed in the contract) are translated using the spot rate at the end of the financial year.

Except for certain currency hedges, all resulting exchange differences arising on settlement or re-statement are recognised as revenues and expenses for the financial year.

(n) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

(o) Rounding amounts

The parent entity and the consolidated entity have applied the relief available under ASIC Class Order CO 98/0100 and accordingly, amounts in the consolidated financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(p) New accounting standards and interpretations

A number of standards and interpretations have been issued at the reporting date but are not yet effective. The directors' assessment of the impact of these standards and interpretations is set out below.

(i) AASB 9 Financial Instruments, AASB 2009 11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 and AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010) (effective from 1 January 2013*)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) New accounting standards and interpretations (Continued)

AASB 9 could change the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities. The consolidated entity has yet to determine the impact, if any, of the new provisions on any amounts recognised in the financial statements.

The consolidated entity does not expect to adopt the new standard before its operative date. It would therefore be first applied in the financial statements for the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2014.

(iii) AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement and AASB 2011-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13 (effective 1 January 2013)

AASB 13 introduces a fair value framework for all fair value measurements in the full suite of accounting standards. This standard explains how to measure fair value and aims to enhance fair value disclosures. The consolidated entity has yet to determine which, if any, of its current measurement techniques will have to change as a result of the new guidance. It is therefore not possible to state the impact, if any, of the new rules on any of the amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, application of the new standard will impact the type of information disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

The consolidated entity does not expect to adopt the new standard before its operative date. It would therefore be first applied in the financial statements for the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2014.

Other standards and interpretations, including AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and AASB 11 Joint Arrangements, have been issued at the reporting date but are not yet effective. When adopted, these standards and interpretations are not expected to impact on the financial information presented.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 2: CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Certain accounting estimates and assumptions concerning the future, which, by definition, will seldom represent actual results. Estimates and assumptions based on future events have a significant inherent risk, and where future events are not as anticipated there could be a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities, discussed below:

(a) Income tax

Income tax benefits are based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in the income tax legislation and the anticipation that the group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and that it will comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductable temporary differences as management considers that it is probable that future tax profits will be available to utilise those temporary differences.

(b) Impairment Testing

The Company uses discounted cash flow models to determine that the parent entity's investments in and loans to its subsidiaries, and the capitalised development costs in the consolidated entity, are not being carried at a value that is materially in excess of recoverable value. The models value each product or potential product by estimating future cashflows and discounting the future net cash flows for the probability of successful commercialisation, as well as for the time value of money using a discount rate of 11%. Revenue from a product is estimated using current market data and projections of market growth and potential market share.

(c) Employee Benefits

Calculation of long term employment benefits requires estimation of the retention of staff, future remuneration levels and timing of the settlement of the benefits. These estimates are based on historical trends.

(d) Share based payments

The group operates an employee share option plan. The bonus element over the exercise price for the grant of options is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period(s) when the benefit is earned. The value of the bonus element is calculated using a Binomial option pricing model. This model requires the input of a number of variables including an estimate of future volatility and a risk free interest rate. Volatility is estimated based on the historical movements in the Company's share price since listing on the Australian Stock Exchange. The risk free interest rate is the Reserve Bank of Australia's cash rate at the options grant date. The value from the pricing model is discounted to reflect the probability of staff remaining employed during the vesting period of the options, based on the historical staff turnover rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 3: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS

The consolidated entity is exposed to a variety of financial risks comprising:

- Interest rate risk
- (b) Currency risk
- Credit risk (c)
- (d) Liquidity risk

The board of directors has overall responsibility for identifying and managing operational and financial risks.

Interest Rate Risk (a)

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risks and the effective interest rates of financial assets and financial liabilities at 30 June 2012 are shown in the table on the following page. Cash is the only financial asset or liability that is exposed to interest rate risk. A change in the average effective interest rate during the reporting period of 1% would have changed the net profit and equity of the consolidated entity by approximately \$0.2 million. A change in the average effective interest rate of 1% applied to the cash balances at 30 June 2012 of \$30.0 million would change the net profit and equity of the consolidated entity by approximately \$0.2 million.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 3: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (Continued)

At 30 June 2012, the consolidated entity had financial instruments with carrying amounts as shown in the following table:

			Fixed inte	rest rate			Total carryi	ng amount	Weighted	average
			maturi	ng in:			as per the	Balance	effective	interest
Financial Instruments	Floating	interest	1 year o	or less	Non interes	st bearing	She	et	rat	te
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	%	%
(i) Financial assets										
Cash	2,983	8,946	27,033	24,212	1	1	30,017	33,159	5.5	5.3
Receivables	-	-	-	-	3,863	943	3,863	943		
Total financial assets	2,983	8,946	27,033	24,212	3,864	944	33,880	34,102		
(ii) Financial liabilities										
Trade creditors	-	-	-	-	193	218	193	218		
Sundry creditors and accruals	-	-	-	-	803	1,559	803	1,559		
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	996	1,777	996	1,777		

The net fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities at 30 June 2012 was not materially different to the carrying amounts as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 3: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (Continued)

(b) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The consolidated entity is exposed to material currency risks due to revenue denominated in US dollars. Currency risk management strategies are regularly reviewed.

Bank accounts denominated in US dollars are maintained in order to facilitate receipts and payments. Cash reserves at 30 June 2012 included \$0.3 million (2011: \$2.3 million) denominated in US dollars. A change of 10% in the AUD/USD exchange rate at 30 June 2012 would have immaterial impact on the net profit and equity of the consolidated entity by approximately.

During the reporting period, exchange rate risk was managed by eliminating US dollar revenue in excess of US dollar expenditure through spot and short-term forward sales of US dollars. Forward exchange contracts are entered into in order to sell specified amounts of US dollars in the future at stipulated exchange rates. The objective in entering the forward exchange contracts is to protect against unfavourable exchange rate movements for both the contracted and anticipated transactions undertaken in foreign currencies.

The accounting policy for forward exchange contracts is detailed in Note 1(1).

At balance date, the details of outstanding forward exchange contracts are:

Buy Australian Dollars	Sell United Sta	Average Exchange		
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	\$'000	\$'000	\$	\$
Less than 6 months	1,800	-	0.9755	=

During the reporting period, the consolidated entity received revenues of \$6.1 million denominated in US dollars. Payments of royalties from Eli Lilly under the Axiron licence agreement comprised the majority of the revenue denominated in US dollars. A change of 10% in the average AUD/USD rate achieved on conversion of these payments to Australian dollars would have changed the consolidated net profit and equity by approximately \$0.6 million.

In future periods, material amounts of revenue are expected to be received in US dollars as royalties and potential sales milestone payments under the Axiron agreement are payable in US dollars.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 3: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISKS (Continued)

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The maximum exposure to credit risk of recognised financial assets at balance date, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, is the carrying amount of those assets, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in consolidated statement of financial position and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Cash reserves form the majority of the consolidated entity's financial assets at 30 June 2012. Acrux Limited is a Pooled Development Fund. The Pooled Development Fund Act restricts the investment of cash reserves to deposits with an Australian bank licensed to take deposits. This policy is also followed for all cash held by the other companies within the consolidated entity. At 30 June 2012, cash was deposited with three different banks in order to spread risk and ensure interest rate competitiveness.

At 30 June 2012, the consolidated entity did not have a material credit risk exposure to any single customer or group of customers. During future reporting periods, the consolidated entity is expected to have a material credit exposure to Eli Lilly and Company and its subsidiaries, due to the royalties and milestone payments expected under a licence agreement for the commercialisation of Axiron. At 30 June 2012, Eli Lilly's credit ratings were AA-(S&P) and A2 (Moodys). The credit rating and financial health of Eli Lilly are monitored regularly. The grant of the license under the license agreement is subject to payment by Eli Lilly of the amounts in accordance with the agreement.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The financial liabilities of the consolidated entity at the balance date are all expected to mature within three months of the balance date. The consolidated entity has sufficient cash reserves, \$30.0 million (2011: \$33.2 million) to settle these liabilities and to fund operating expenditure for the foreseeable future. The consolidated entity does not have an overdraft or loan facility. The maturity profile of the consolidated entity's cash term deposits is actively managed and compared with forecast liabilities to ensure that sufficient cash is available to settle liabilities as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 4: REVENUE

	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Revenues from operating activities		
Revenue from product agreements	8,797	89,603
Grant revenue	21	168
Total revenues from operating activities	8,818	89,771
Other revenues		
Interest	1,647	3,700
Total revenues from non-operating activities	1,647	3,700
Total revenues from continuing operations	10,465	93,471

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 5: PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

>		Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
	Profit from continuing operations before income			
	tax has been determined after the following			
	specific expenses:			
	Employee benefits expense			
	Wages and salaries		2,417	3,278
	Workers' compensation costs		8	12
715	Superannuation costs		182	233
JU)	Training expenses		23	23
	Share-based payments	_	-	17
][]	Total employee benefits expense		2,630	3,563
7	Capitalised	12	-	(566)
	Per Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	2,630	2,997
	Depreciation of non-current assets			
	Plant and equipment	_	91	140
	Total depreciation of non-current assets	-	91	140
	Amortisation of non-current assets			
	Intellectual property		95	95
	Research and development		163	11
	Total amortisation of non-current assets	-	258	106
	Total depreciation and amortisation expenses	=	349	246
15	Rental expense on operating leases		262	251
	External research and development expenses		905	1,725
	Capitalised	12	-	(700)
	Per Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	905	1,025

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 6. INCOME TAX

NOTE 6	INCOME TAX		
5		2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
(a) Com	ponents of tax expense:		
Current 1	_	1,596	24,716
Deferred	tax	68	655
Over pro	vision in prior years	(4,139)	(7)
	=	(2,475)	25,364
(b) Reco	nciliation of income tax expense		
The prin	a facie tax payable on profit before income tax is		
reconcile	d to the income tax expense as follows:		
Profit be	fore tax from continuing operations	4,916	82,512
Prima fa	cie income tax payable on profit before income tax at		
15.0% fo	r parent entity and 30.0% for subsidiaries (2010:		
25.0% fo	r parent entity and 30.0% for subsidiaries)	1,503	24,749
Add/(sub	etract) tax effect:		
Non d	eductible expenses	95	22
Resea	rch and development tax concession	(77)	-
Foreig	n tax credits written off	(5)	259
	/under provisions for prior years	(1,623)	288
Previo	usly unrecognised tax losses	-	-
Previo	usly unrecognised temporary differences	(2,372)	-
Tax los	sses and temporary differences not brought to account _	4	46
	<u> </u>	(3,978)	615
Income t	ax (benefit)/expense attributable to profit	(2,475)	25,364
(2) (2			
(c) Curr		5.660	
Opening		5,669	-
` ,	nder provision in prior years	(1,623)	1,295
	n for current year	1,596	24,716
	es transferred from deferred tax	(463)	(5,053)
Tax payr		(4,619)	(15,289)
Current 1	ax liability	560	5,669

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 6: INCOME TAX (Continued)

(d) Deferred tax balances

	(u) Deletted tax balances					
	2012	Opening balance	Over-provision prior years	Transferred to current tax	Recognised in profit or loss	Closing balance
	Temporary differences	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Intangible assets	(6,948)	-	-	49	(6,899)
	Accruals and provisions	179	(12)	-	(47)	120
	Leasehold improvements	228	-	-	(12)	216
)	Patent expenses	606	-	-	87	693
	Exchange differences	55	-	-	(54)	1
	Accrued interest	(43)	1	-	(71)	(113)
	Share issue expenses	33	(11)	-	(20)	2
7		(5,890)	(22)	-	(68)	(5,980)
)	Unused tax losses and credits					
	Tax losses	395	2,399	(463)	145	2,476
		(5,495)	2,377	(463)	77	(3,504)
3	•					
)		Opening	Over-provision	Transferred to	Recognised in	Closing
	2011	balance	prior years	current tax	profit or loss	balance
	Temporary differences	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Intangible assets	(6,545)	-	-	(403)	(6,948)
	Accruals and provisions	295	-	-	(116)	179
	Leasehold improvements	239	-	-	(11)	228
	Patent expenses	658	(170)	-	118	606
	Exchange differences	77	-	-	(22)	55
	Accrued interest	(113)	-	-	70	(43)
	Share issue expenses	34	32	-	(33)	33
		(5,355)	(138)	-	(397)	(5,890)

Unused tax losses and credits
Tax losses
Foreign tax credits

4,008	1,441	(5,054)	-	395
253	-	-	(253)	-
4,261	1,441	(5,054)	(253)	395
 (1.094)	1.303	(5.054)	(650)	(5,495)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

PDF's are taxed at 25% on other income

	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
INCOME TAX (Continued)		
d tax assets not brought to account		
differences	(322)	(316)
	6,405	6,949
	6,083	6,633
• •	nt Fund (PDF):	
	d tax assets not brought to account differences entity, Acrux Limited is a Pooled Developme	INCOME TAX (Continued) d tax assets not brought to account differences (322) 6,405 6,083 entity, Acrux Limited is a Pooled Development Fund (PDF): 's are taxed at 15% on income and gains from investments in small to

Groups containing a PDF are not permitted to consolidate for tax purposes.

DIVIDENDS

dividends and any credits that may be prevented

from distribution in subsequent years:

NOTE 7:

(a) Dividends paid No dividends paid (2011: 60 cents per share unfranked)	- 99,887
Balance of franking account on a tax paid basis at financial year-end adjusted for franking credits	
arising from payment of provision for income tax	
and dividends recognised as receivables, franking	
debits arising from payment of proposed	

The directors have recommended a final dividend to shareholders for 2012 of 8 cents per share, unfranked. The total amount of the dividend, based on the number of shares on issue at 30 June 2012 and at the date of this report is \$13.3 million.

19,909

15,289

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 8: EARNINGS PER SHARE	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Profit from continuing operations	7,391	57,148
Profit used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	7,391	57,148
W-i-l-4-1	No. of shares	No. of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive securities:	166,496,711	164,535,257
Employee Share Options	12,120	1,077,493
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per	166,508,831	165,612,750
Basic earnings per share (cents)	4.44	34.73
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	4.44	34.51
NOTE 9: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank	2,984	8,947
Deposits at call	27,033	24,212
	30,017	33,159
NOTE 10: RECEIVABLES		
CURRENT		
Trade receivables Other receivables	2,293	703 177
Other receivables Prepayments	1,425 145	63
	3,863	943

(a) Provision for impairment

Trade receivables are non interest bearing with 30 or 60 day terms. An impairment loss is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade receivable is impaired. No impairment losses have been recognised for reported periods. All trade receivables are expected to be received within trading terms.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 11: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

]		Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
	Leasehold Improvements			
	At cost		1,115	1,115
\	Accumulated amortisation	_	(1,115)	(1,115)
)	Total leasehold improvements	11(a)	-	
\	Plant and Equipment			
)	At cost		439	469
\	Accumulated depreciation		(329)	(343)
)	Total plant and equipment	11(a)	110	126
)	Total plant and equipment	-	110	126
1	(a) Reconciliations Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year:			
]	Leasehold improvements			
)	Carrying amount at beginning		-	_
/	Additions		-	_
)	Amortisation expense	-	-	-
1	DI . I .	=	-	-
	Plant and equipment		126	1.024
	Carrying amount at beginning Additions		126 75	1,024 28
	Disposals		-	(786)
)	Depreciation expense		(91)	(140)
	_Doprociumon expense	-	(71)	(170)

110

126

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 12: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

NOTE 12: INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Intellectual Property		Ψ	φ σσσ
At cost		1,200	1,200
Accumulated amortisation		(759)	(664)
	12(a)	441	536
	()		
Capitalised Development Ellavie TM			
External research and development expenses		766	766
Employee benefits capitalised		169	169
Other capitalised amounts		136	136
•	12(a)	1,071	1,071
Axiron TM	•		
External research and development expenses		17,415	17,415
Employee benefits capitalised		3,353	3,353
Other capitalised amounts		2,403	2,403
Accumulated amortisation	_	(174)	(11)
	12(a)	22,997	23,160
Net carrying amount	<u>-</u>	24,068	24,231
Total intangible assets	=	24,509	24,767
(a) Reconciliations Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of intelle property and capitalised development at the begin of the current financial year.			
Intellectual Property			
Carrying amount at beginning		536	631
Amortisation expense	_	(95)	(95)
	_	441	536
Capitalised Development	_		_
Ellavie TM			
Carrying amount at beginning		1,071	962
Additions		-	109
	<u>-</u>	1,071	1,071
Axiron TM	_		_
Carrying amount at beginning		23,160	21,815
Additions		-	1,356
Amortisation		(163)	(11)
		22,997	23,160
	=	·	

The remaining useful life of Axiron Capitalised Development is approximately 15 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 13: PAYABLES	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
CURRENT		
Trade creditors	193	218
Sundry creditors and accruals	803	1,559
	996	1,777
NOTE 14: PROVISIONS		
CURRENT Employee entitlements	322	290
NON-CURRENT		
Employee entitlements	14	52
Aggregate employee entitlements liability	336	342

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 15: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

1,012 10. 001,11120122	2012		2011	
(a) Issued and paid up capital	No. of Shares	\$'000	No. of Shares	\$'000
Ordinary shares fully paid	166,496,711	95,825	166,496,711	95,825
(b) Movements in shares on issue				
Beginning of the financial year Issued during the year:	166,496,711	95,825	160,556,216	85,786
- Employee share option plans	-	-	5,940,495	7,982
Less Capital Raising Expenses	-	-	-	(17)
Fair value of shares issued on exercise of				
employee share options		-	-	2,074
Contributions from share issues	-	-	5,940,495	10,039
At reporting date	166,496,711	95,825	166,496,711	95,825

(c) Share Options

Employee Share Option Plan

At 30 June 2012 25,000 vested options remained unexercised. These options are exercisable at \$1.84 and expire 3 March 2013. Options hold no participation rights, but shares issued on exercise of options rank equally with existing shares. No options were held by key management personal.

During the financial year, no options (2011: Nil) were granted under the plan.

The closing market value of an ordinary Acrux Limited share on the Australian Stock Exchange at 30 June 2012 was \$4.20.

	2012 No.	2011 No.
(i) Movement in the number of share options held under		
Employee Share Option Plan and CEO contract are as		
follows:		
Opening balance	25,000	5,965,495
Granted during the year	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	(5,940,495)
Lapsed during the year		
Closing balance	25,000	25,000
	\$'000	\$'000
(ii) Details of share options exercised during the year:		
Proceeds from shares issued	-	7,982
Fair value as at issue date of shares issued during the year	-	16,553

(iii) Details of lapsed options

No options lapsed during the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 15: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (Continued)

(d) Capital Management

When managing capital, the directors' objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

No dividends were paid during the financial year. The directors have recommended a final dividend to shareholders of 8 cents per share, unfranked. The amounts and ratio of future dividends have not been determined.

NOTE 16: RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

	Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Share based payment reserve	16(a)	4	4
Retained earnings	16(b)	(42,726)	(50,117)

(a) Share based payment reserve

(i) Nature and purpose of reserve

Balance at the beginning of year

This reserve is used to record the value of equity benefit provided to employees and directors as part of their remuneration. Refer note 15 for details.

4

2,061

(ii) Movement in reserve

Transfer fair value of employee shares options to share capital	_	(2,074)
Employee share option expense for the period (including	-	17
adjustment for service conditions not met)		
Vested employee share options previously expensed, that		
lapsed during the period	-	_
Balance at end of year	4	4

(b) Retained earnings

Balance at the beginning of year	(50,117)	(7,378)
Vested employee share options that lapsed during		
the period	-	-
Net profit attributable to members of Acrux		
Limited	7,391	57,148
Accumulated profit/(losses) at reporting date	(42,726)	49,770
Dividends paid	-	(99,887)
Accumulated losses at reporting date	(42,726)	(50,117)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 17: NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	Notes	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Non-controlling interests comprises:			
Contributed equity	17(a)	51	51
Retained earnings	17(b)	(51)	(51)
(a) Non-controlling interests in issued and paid-up capital of controlled entitiesCosmeceutic Solutions Pty Ltd - Fully paid ordinary shares		51	51
(b) Retained earnings			
Opening balance		(51)	(51)
- Share of operating loss attributed to the non-control	ling interes	-	-
Closing balance	-	(51)	(51)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 18: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

2012	2011
\$'000	\$'000
7,391	57,148
349	246
-	156
(2)	(1,253)
-	17
(7,100)	10,070
(2,913)	(753)
(151)	(497)
(6)	(30)
(9,823)	7,956
(2,432)	65,104
2,984	8,947
27,033	24,212
30,017	33,159
_	\$'000 7,391 349 - (2) - (7,100) (2,913) (151) (6) (9,823) (2,432) 2,984 27,033

(c) Credit stand-by arrangement and loan facilities

The consolidated entity has credit card facilities with the National Australia Bank and American Express available to the extent of \$81,000 (2011: \$91,000). As at 30 June 2012 the consolidated entity had unused facilities of \$47,074 (2011: \$89,287).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 19: COMMITMENTS

	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Lease expenditure commitments		
Operating leases (non-cancellable)		
(i) Non cancellable operating leases contracted		
for but not capitalised in the accounts:		
(ii) Minimum lease payments		
 Not later than one year 	272	262
 Later than one year and not later than five 	258	530
 Aggregate lease expenditure contracted for at 		
reporting date	530	792

The operating lease relates to office, laboratory and warehouse facilities for which the lease was renewed by Acrux DDS Pty Ltd for a period of 4 years from 1 June 2010, with an option to extend for a further period of 4 years. The lease contract contains market review clauses in the event that Acrux DDS Pty Ltd exercises its option to renew. The company does not have an option to purchase the leased asset at the expiry of the lease period.

NOTE 20: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Details of Key Management Personnel Compensation are contained within the Remuneration Report section of the Director's Report. A breakdown of the aggregate components of Key Management Personnel's compensation is provided below:

	2012	2011
Compensation by category:	\$'000	\$'000
Short-term employment benefits	1,175	1,751
Post-employment benefits	111	164
Termination benefits	-	94
Equity		9
	1,286	2,018

2012

2011

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 21: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL'S EQUITY HOLDINGS

Number of shares held by Key Management Personnel

Directors and	Balance	Granted as	Options	Net Change	Balance
Executives		Remuneration	Exercised	Other	
Executives	1/07/2011				30/06/2012
Directors					
R Dobinson	1,492,593	-	-	(120,000)	1,372,593
B Parncutt ¹	-	-	-	550,637	550,637
R Barrow ²	-	-	-	-	-
H K Windle ³	678,000	-	-	(632,873)	45,127
B C Finnin ⁴	3,228,148	-	-	(2,472,715)	755,433
R Treagus ⁵	2,077,495	-	-	-	2,077,495
Executives					
J Pilcher	116,980	-	-	(16,980)	100,000
C Blower	80,000	-	-	(80,000)	-
H Alsop ⁶	-	-	-	-	-
Total	7,673,216	-	-	(2,771,931)	4,901,285

NOTE 22: LOANS TO KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

There were no loans made to Key Management Personnel during the reporting period.

NOTE 23: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Wholly-owned group transactions

Loans

Loans were made by Acrux Limited to its subsidiaries under normal terms and conditions. The aggregate amounts receivable from controlled entities by the parent entity at the end of the reporting period were \$193,202 (2011: \$344,417).

Loans were made by Acrux Commerical Pty Ltd to its subsidiary, Fempharm Pty Ltd, under normal terms and conditions. The aggregate amount receivable from Fempharm Pty Ltd at the end of the reporting period was \$7,062,206 (2011: \$6,753,467).

Other transactions with Key Management Personnel and their personally-related entities
Any payments made to Key Management Personnel during the financial year, other than
remuneration entitlements, related to the reimbursement of business expenses incurred on behalf of
Acrux Limited and its subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 24: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
Amounts paid and payable to Pitcher Partners for: (i) Audit and other assurance services – An audit or review of the financial report of the		
entity and any other entity in the consolidated	99	97
 Other assurance services 	-	1
	99	98

NOTE 25: SEGMENT INFORMATION

The consolidated entity operates as a single operating segment. Internal management reporting systems present financial information as a single segment. The segment derives its revenue from developing and commercialising products using unique technology to administer drugs through the skin.

Additional information on revenue:

	\$'000	\$'000
Product/Service		
Axiron	7,415	89,572
Recuvyra	1,500	-
Other revenue	1,790	3,899
Total revenue	10,705	93,471
Country of Origin Australia Other:	1,668	3,868
Switzerland United States	6,401 2,613	89,449
Overseas	23	154
	10,705	93,471

Revenue from Axiron and Recuvyra was received from a single customer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 26: PARENT ENTITY DETAILS

Summarised presentation of the parent entity, Acrux Limited, financial statements:

	Parent Entity	
	2012 \$'000	2011 \$'000
(a) Summarised statement of financial position		
Assets		
Current assets	1,824	3,307
Non-current assets	21,689	19,524
Total assets	23,513	22,831
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	359	1,443
Non-current liabilities	-	30
Total liabilities	359	1,473
Net assets	23,154	21,358
Equity		
Share capital	95,824	95,824
Current year earnings	1,796	-
Retained earnings	(74,470)	(74,470)
Share based payments reserve	4	4
Total equity	23,154	21,358
(b) Summarised statement of comprehensive income		
Profit for the year	1,796	24,513
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,796	24,513

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 June 2012

CONTROLLED ENTITIES NOTE 27:

	Country of Incorporation		Percentag 2012	Percentage Owned 2012 2011		
	Parent Entity:					
	Acrux Limited	Australia				
	Subsidiaries of					
	Acrux Limited					
	Acrux DDS Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%		
9	Acrux Pharma Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%		
	Acrux Commercial Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%		
20	Cosmeceutic Solutions Pty Ltd	Australia	90%	90%		
	Cosmeceutic Solutions Pty Ltd was deregistered on 8 August 2012.					
	Subsidiaries of					
	Acrux Commercial Pty Ltd					
	Fempharm Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%		
	NOTE 28: CONTINGENC	CIES				
	There were no contingencies at 30 June 2012 (2011: Nil).					

NOTE 29: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There has been no other matter or circumstance, which has arisen since 30 June 2012 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- (a) the operations, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2012, of the consolidated entity, or
- (b) the results of those operations, or
- (c) the state of affairs, in financial years subsequent to 30 June 2012, of the consolidated entity.

NOTE 30: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is:

Acrux Limited 103 – 113 Stanley Street West Melbourne VIC 3003

DIRECTORS DECLARATION

The directors declare that the financial statements and notes set out on pages 23 to 61 in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*:

- (a) Comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- (b) As stated in Note 1(a) the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- (c) Give a true and fair view of the financial position of the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.

In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that Acrux Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer to the directors in accordance with sections 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ending 30 June 2012.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

B Parncutt

Director

R Barrow

Director

Melbourne

Dated this 23rd day of August 2011

Melbourne

Dated this 23rd day of August 2011



An independent Victorian Partnership ABN 27 975 255 196

ACRUX LIMITED ABN 72 082 001 152 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ACRUX LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Acrux Limited and controlled entities, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



An independent Victorian Partnership ABN 27 975 255 196

ACRUX LIMITED ABN 72 082 001 152 AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ACRUX LIMITED AND CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Acrux Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the consolidated financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 12 to 19 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Acrux Limited and controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2012 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

S D WHITCHURCH

Partner

Date 23 August 2012

PITCHER PARTNERS

Melbourne